Service Management

Mihai Pascadi

APQC – the basis for our entire following discussion

ABOUT APQC

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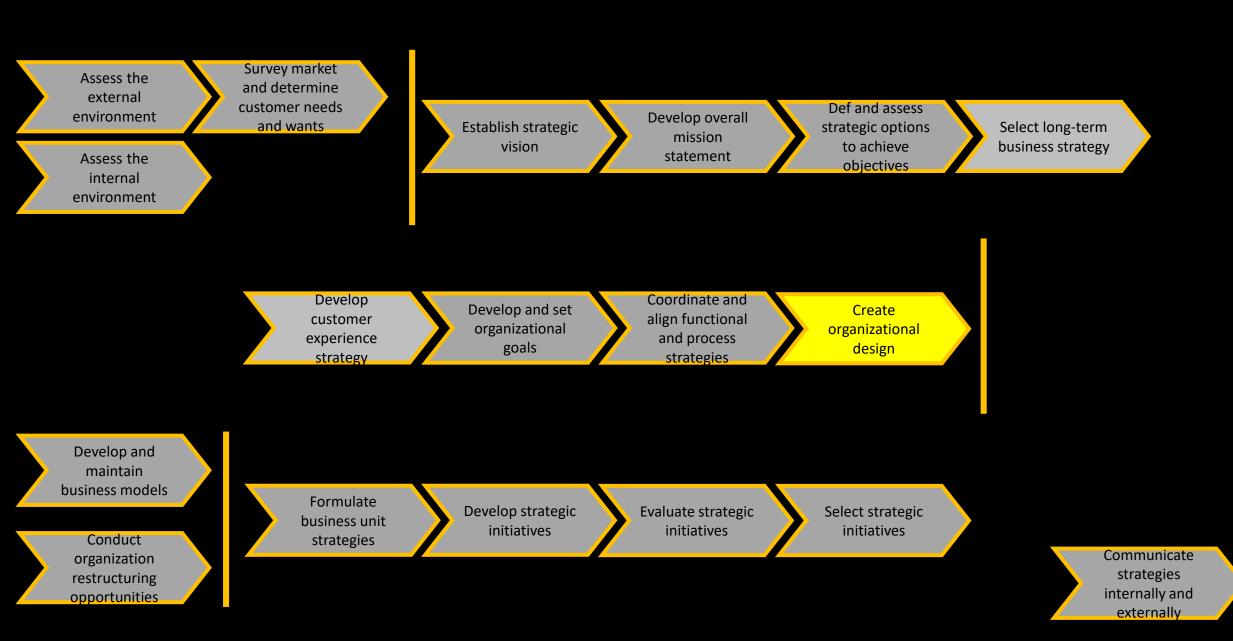
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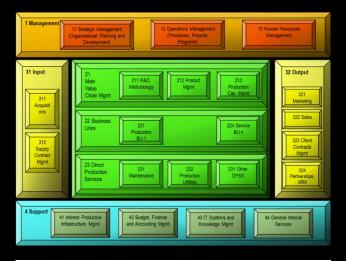
The Strategic Planning Process

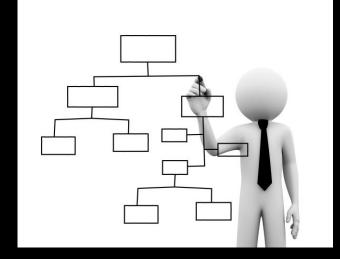


Create organizational design

Evaluate breadth and depth of organizational structure Perform job-specific roles mapping and value-added analyses Develop role activity diagrams to assess hand-off activity Perform organization redesign workshops Design the relationships between organizational units Develop role analysis and activity diagrams for key processes Assess organizational implication of feasible alternatives Migrate to new organization









Evaluate breadth and depth of organizational structure

Evaluating the structural makeup of the organization, including pertinent features of and associated synergies among constituent elements.

Examine the organization's architectural framework, paying close attention to the individual elements, the relations among them, and the conjoint and co-acting forces therein.

Analyze functions and processes, as well as work-related positions.

Scrutinize various relevant characteristics associated with each of them, depending upon the scale, scope, and type of organization.

Perform job-specific roles mapping and value-added analyses

Appraising

- job-specific roles within the organizational chart and
- their hierarchical architecture.

Analyze a map of work-related roles within the organizational structure.

Examine the value added by the positions associated with jobs to be performed and how they stack up within the organization's operations.



Develop role activity diagrams to assess hand-off activity

Examining the constituent exercises and undertakings within a work-related position for the purpose of effective delegation.

Deconstruct job-specific roles into activities and visualize the relations among them, with the objective of assigning responsibilities to the appropriate personnel.



Perform organization redesign workshops

Organizing workshop sessions to adopt organizational redesign.

Communicate the organizational structure and mapping of responsibilities against job roles in order to facilitate an effective understanding among personnel.

Use a collaborative process that may include participative workshop sessions.

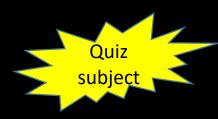


Design the relationships between organizational units

Fleshing out the connections and dependencies among the various units of the organization.

Delineate the relationship among business units or process frameworks within the organization, in terms of activities, synergies, and shared resources and responsibilities.

Formalize relationships among business units so that any mutual coherence is clearly understood and can be attended to.



Develop role analysis and activity diagrams for key processes

Creating an understanding of the fit between job roles and organizational processes in order to properly place personnel.

Deconstruct key processes into constituent activities, and examine job-related roles.

Take cues from Develop role activity diagrams to assess hand-off activity.

Map appropriate positions against these important processes, which in turn expedite the deployment of staff members.



Assess organizational implication of feasible alternatives

Probing the repercussions of all practicable organizational design options.

Analyze the significance and impact of workable organizational structure options.

Closely examine the long-term impact of these frameworks over the functioning of the organization.



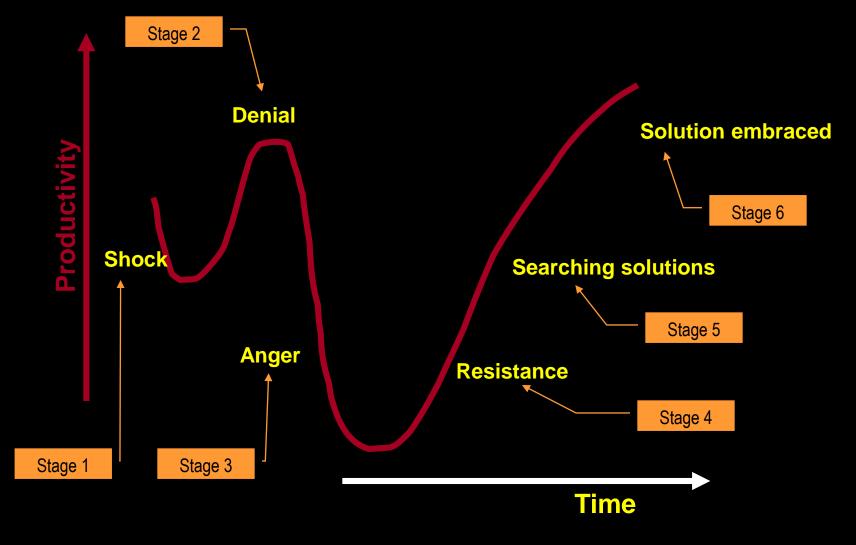
Migrate to new organization

Embracing and ratifying a new organizational structure.

(Assume the new framework to be the best fit through Assess the organizational implications of feasible alternatives .)

The Change Management Curve

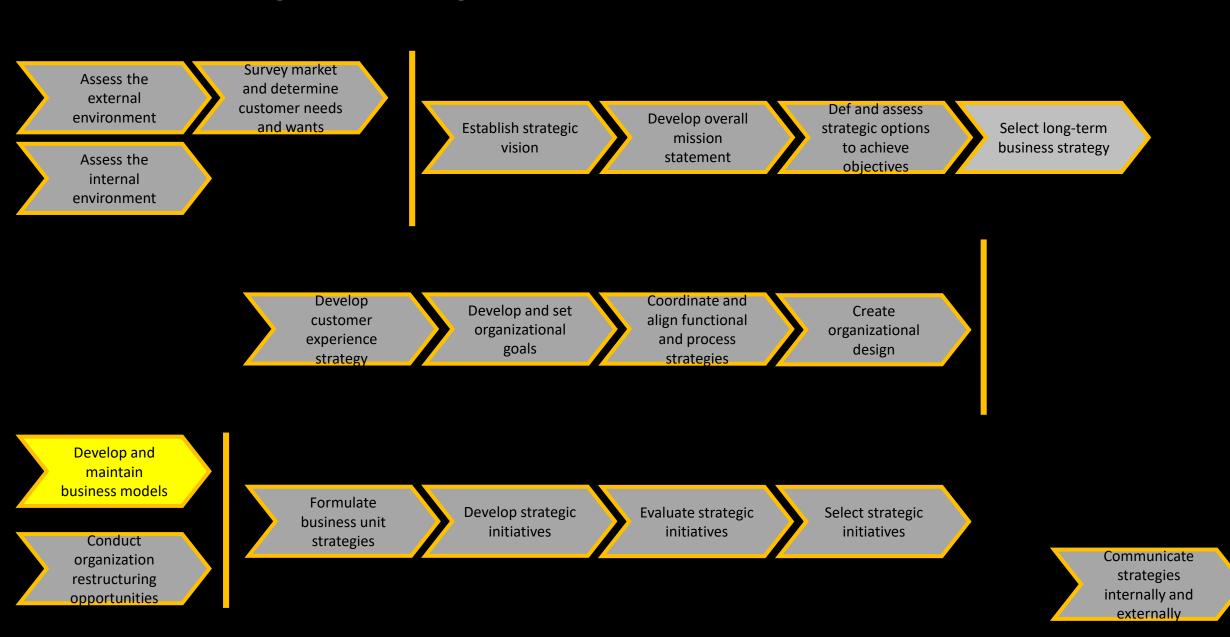




Simple

https://www.simple-bpm.ro/soft/consulting

The Strategic Planning Process

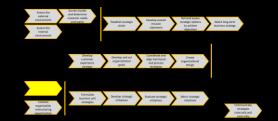


Develop and maintain business models

Assemble business model information
Secure appropriate approvals
Identify integration points with existing models
Adopt the business model

Establish business model maintenance parameters
Accept business model feedback parameters
Prioritize and manage incoming feedback
Update existing models

Establish business model governance





Establish business model governance

The 4 Control Loops

Self control - Self

Monitoring - Direct supervisor

Reporting - Concerned management teams (Management Analysis)

Audit - Auditors - > Concerned management teams

Prediction - Reaction

Procedures

Rules

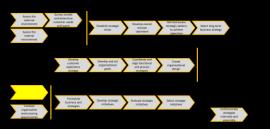
Decision making mechanisms

4 eyes principle

Beneficiary – proposes

Technical responsible – technically approves

Financial sponsor – approves based on financial criteria









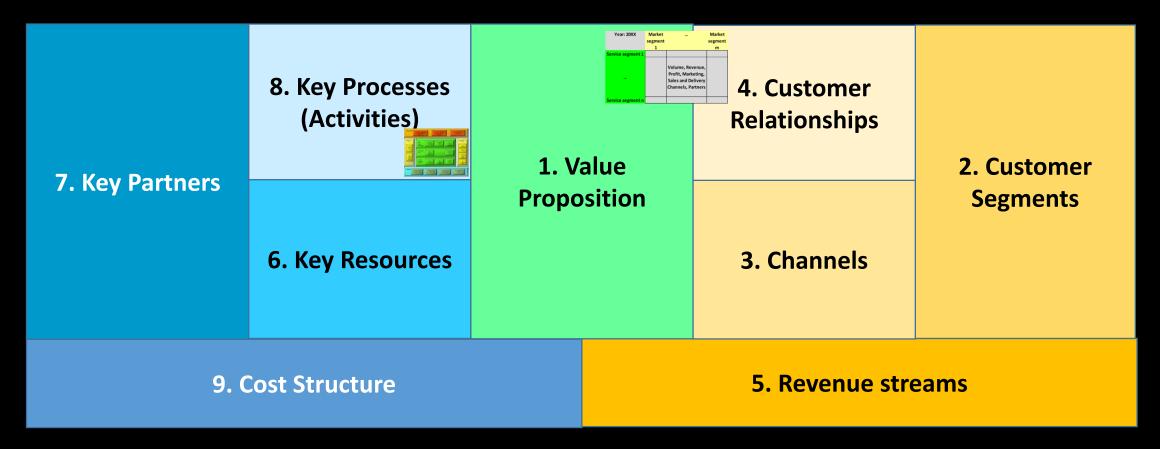




What is a business model?



• Split into 9 teams; Make a 3-5 ideas brief on each of the 9 chapters (1 chapter by team) based on the below short video

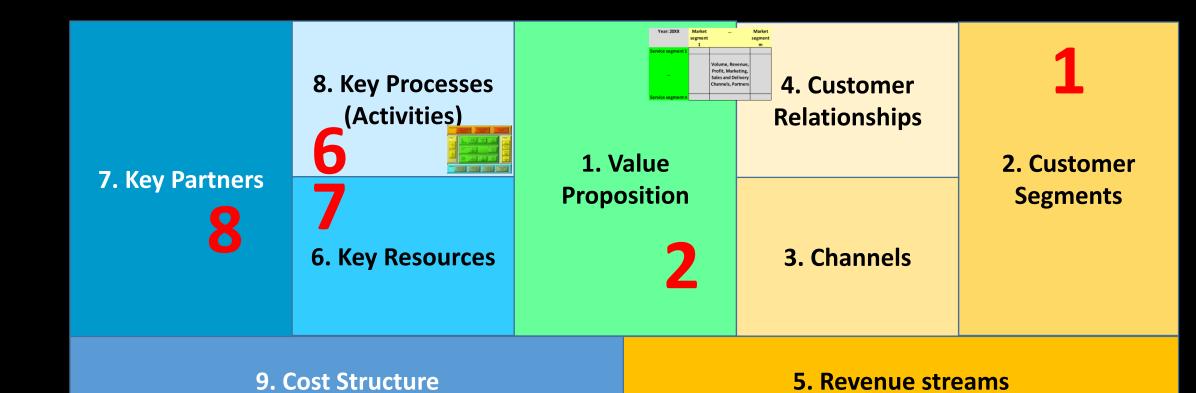


Let's develop a business model

- Hotel
- Credit institution
- Tourism agency

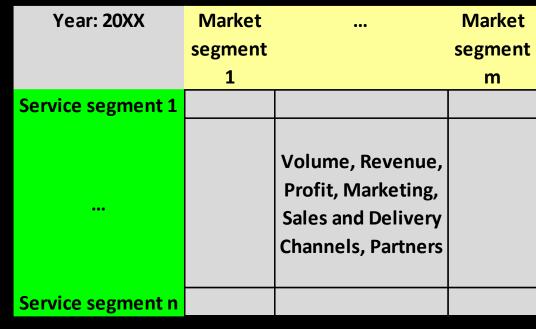
- Private school
- Mobile phone operator
 Retail company
- Insurance company

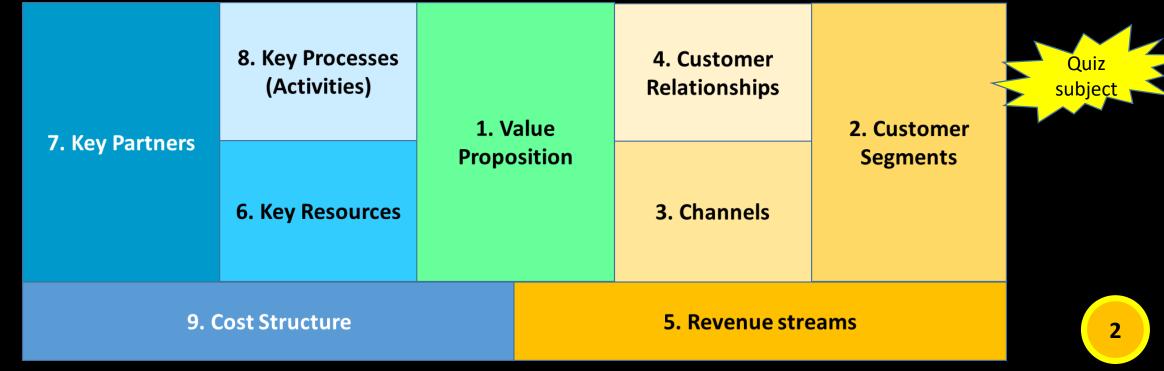
- Health Care provider



Let's develop a business model

- Draw the Business Model Canvas (on page 1)
- Draw the Go-To-Market model (on page 2)
- Later draw the Business Process Table (on page 3)

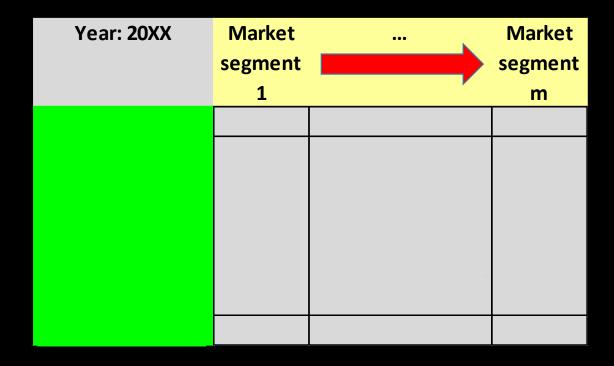




1. Customers & Customer Segments



- Make a list of customer needs to be fulfilled by your company.
- Who would be your Customers? Classify them by segments using relevant criteria (such as: age, gender, revenue level, education, residence, etc.)
- Make a list of Customer Segments

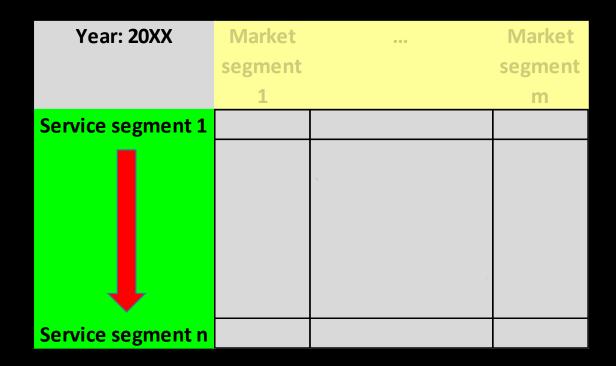


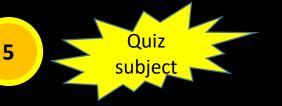


2. The Value Proposition



- List the key services your company would deliver your customers.
- Classify the services into service segments
- Identify for each Features, Advantages, Benefits



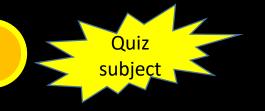


3. Channels > Delivering your services

8. Key Processes
(Activities)
1. Value
Proposition
6. Key Resources
2. Customer
Segments
3. Channels

- How to deliver the services?
- Make a list of the Sales and Delivery Channels

Year: 20XX	Market segment	•••	Market segment
	1		m
Service segment 1			
		,	
•••		Delivery Channels, Partners	
Service segment n			



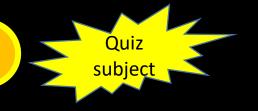
4. Customer relationships

8. Key Processes
(Activities)
1. Value
Proposition
2. Customer
Segments
3. Channels

9. Cost Structure
5. Revenue streams

- Identify the main activities (processes, tools)
- through which you would:
 - Get your customers
 - Keep your customers
 - Grow your customers

Year: 20XX	Market		Market
	segment		segment
	1		m
Service segment 1			
		1	
		Marketing,	
		Sales Delivery	
		Channels, Partners	
Service segment n			



5. Revenue streams

7. Key Partners

8. Key Processes (Activities)
1. Value Proposition
6. Key Resources

9. Cost Structure

7. Key Partners

1. Value Proposition
7. Key Partners

2. Customer Segments
7. Key Partners
8. Key Processes (Activities)
9. Cost Structure
9. Relationships
9. Customer Segments
9. Revenue streams

- Where are the money coming from?
 - By customer segments
 - By service
- Specify which customer segment is targeted with which service

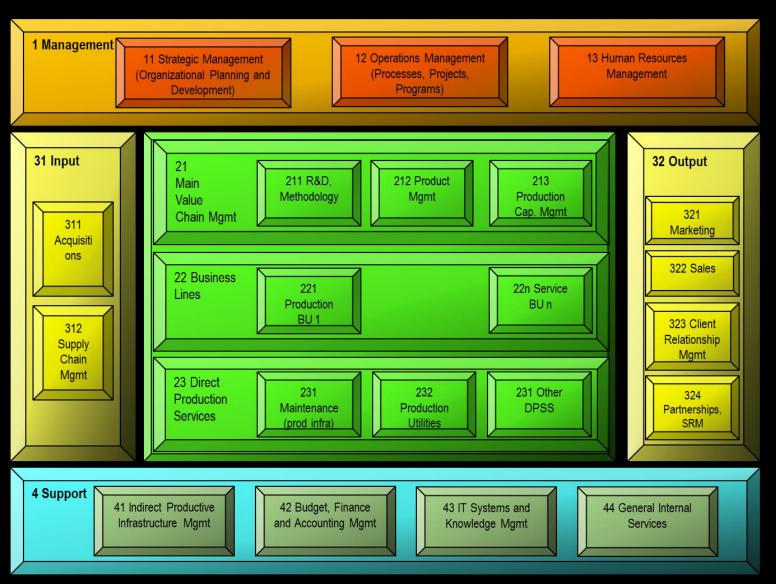
Year: 20XX	Market segment	000	Market segment
	1		m
Service segment 1			
***		Volume, Revenue, Marketing, Sales Delivery Channels, Partners	
Service segment n			



6. Key Processes

- What are the processes on the MVC?
- What other key processes would you consider?
- Make a list of the key processes







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